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SPRING AND CLEANLINESS

Spring is officially here and it is safe to say that there are few people in these parts who are sorry. For while the heavy snows did not start until late, they certainly made up in a limited period for this lateness.

Now that the snow is practically gone, as is always the case, most communities look a sight with the dirt and debris that has gathered in the streets and highways.

The city sanitation departments can do a good deal about this but they also need help and cooperation of the citizens. Yards, lawns and sidewalks can be tidied up and YOU can remember that papers, bottles and odds and ends of trash ought to be placed in receptacles.

Lets show we are glad that Spring is here by cleaning our neighborhood up.

THE WORLD PREPARES FOR THE THIRD WORLD WAR.

"Since wars begin in the minds of men, it is in the minds that the defenses of peace must be constructed."

Those potent words are a part of the preamble of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. And outgrowth of the United Nations and devised specifically to "promote international, intellectual cooperation through the free exchange of information and ideas on education, art and science."

We doubt that very many people in America or any other country even know that such a development exists. And if one is to follow the news at the moment, they certainly would not feel that the most powerful members of the United Nations, have the slightest notion of the meaning of at least one of their developments.

For if as this preamble suggests, wars begin in the minds of men, then the world is not too far removed from another war, irrespective of what some people say. For at the moment there does not seem to be a single major nation that is not jockeying for an international position that would strengthen them for war. In fact they are so intent upon these thoughts that a goodly part of their time is spent devising ways and means of keeping certain major decisions outside of the United Nations' jurisdiction.

All of the nations seem to be equally responsible for this dangerous attitude but because we live in America, the objectives of this nation are our major concern.

Perhaps nothing in the government's foreign policy has frightened and confused the general population more than the sudden announcement that American dollars are to take over in Greece and as extensively in Turkey as that diplomatically astute nation will permit.

When this momentous decision was first announced, it was partially clothed in the argument that Greece was starving and economically bankrupt. We take it that both of those things are as true today as when first announced. But they are no longer used as the major reasons for the United States taking over in that section of the world. In fact if that had ever been our prime motive, we would never have abolished UNRA.

So now those in control of the nation come boldly out with the reason why we are moving American dollars into that section of the world. We are doing so because we want to be in a strategic position to stop the progress of COMMUNISM.

As far as we have ventured in our historical knowledge, everything points to the fact that wherever a nation sends millions of its dollars, it is also prepared to send guns and men to protect that investment. However, in this case we do not have to employ the subtleties of historical analysis, because the proponents of this step have also announced that a goodly part of this \$140,000,000 is to be used for training soldiers and buying guns.

Let no one imagine that we mean that war will come in the next few months, but there is every reason to appreciate the fact that it is out of this kind of thinking and planning that trouble comes. And that democracy or communism is never going to make themselves stick in this world, through sheer force.

HEALTH FOR ALL**X-Ray as An Aid in TB Diagnosis**

X-ray, a ray of light discovered 52 years ago in Germany by Professor W. K. Roentgen, has played a major role in the advance of medical knowledge of tuberculosis of the lungs. This is true because X-ray penetrates substances ordinary light cannot penetrate, making possible the process by which an image of the chest is photographed on a film for the physician's study.

The X-ray, therefore, has become a major aid to the doctor in diagnosing tuberculosis. Supplementary diagnostic measures consist of a thorough medical history of the patient, together with a physical examination of the chest, and laboratory analysis of the blood, and of the sputum for tubercle bacilli. Tubercle bacilli are the germs which cause tuberculosis. Since in many cases of early TB the tubercle bacilli are not present in the sputum, early cases which might be overlooked without chest X-ray are found when X-ray is used. Early diagnosis is especially important in tuberculosis, because the treatment consists in marshalling the forces of resistance against disease, and the sooner doctor and patient know of the invasion of the tubercle bacilli, the better able they are to fight the disease.

After serving its important part in diagnosis, X-ray continues to be a major aid to the doctor as he treats the disease. Before X-ray was put to use, a knowledge of what happened to the lungs during TB had to be based mostly on what could be seen in post-mortem examinations. X-ray makes it easier for the physician to understand the disease in its early stages, watch its progression or regression, and adjust treatment accordingly.

When Roentgen discovered X-ray in 1895, he demonstrated its fluorescent and photographic properties, but it was not until the early 1930's that technical advances—the development of the photofluorographic process and the rapid roll film method—made extensive case-finding by X-ray financially feasible.

Knowing that tuberculosis is communicable and can be controlled best if cases are diagnosed early, more and more people are beginning to understand the value of periodic chest X-rays in fighting the disease which is the seventh cause of death in the U. S.

—By Ersa Hines

CANCER'S TOLL FROM THE AMERICAN SCENE**478 Lives Every Day—20 Lives Every Hour****One Life Every Three Minutes 2,000 Americans a Year****HIT BACK HARD****CONTRIBUTE TO THE 1947 CANCER FUND****LINCOLN'S LEGACY**

Institute for American Democracy, Inc.

N. A. A. C. P. VERSUS UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS

Austin, Texas—Hearings on Heman Sweatt's demand for admission to the University of Texas Law School are scheduled to begin in this city on Wednesday, March 26th, with Thurgood Marshall, NAACP special counsel, famed for his tradition-shattering civil rights victories in the United States Supreme Court, heading a battery of the NAACP attorneys. Nationwide attention will be focused on the Civil Court of Appeals of Texas as the Attorney General of Texas and his staff, defending the University of Texas, attempts to establish the legality of the tradition bound university in barring Negro students.

The NAACP action seeking a writ of mandamus, was filed in the local state court in Austin on May 16, 1946. In June of that year the lower court entered an order that the University in denying admission to Sweatt in the absence of an equal, separate law school, denied Sweatt the equal protection of laws under the Constitution of the United States. The presiding judge, however, stayed for six months the operation of the decree, pending the establishment of a separate but equal school. On December 17, 1946, the State of Texas filed a motion alleging that a separate school had been established and on the basis of this motion, the court denied the writ of mandamus and an appeal was immediately taken to the civil court of appeals of Texas.

In opposing the stand taken by the Texas Attorney General, the NAACP brief takes the position that before a state may allege a right to segregation, the state must first show the existence of facilities completely equal in all respects to the

facilities offered white students. The brief also makes a direct attack on what it terms the legal "fiction" and "judicial myth" of separate but equal facilities. The brief further alleges that: "There is of course a dictionary difference between the terms of segregation and discrimination. In actual practice, however, this difference disappears. Those states which segregate by statute in the educational system have been primarily concerned with keeping the two races apart and have been uniformly disregarded even their own interpretation of their requirements under the 14th Amendment to maintain the separate facilities on an equal basis."

"Racial segregation in education originated as a device to 'keep the Negro in his place', i. e., in a constantly inferior position. The continuance of segregation has been synonymous with unfair discrimination. The perpetuation of the principle of segregation, even under the euphemistic theory of 'separate but equal' has been tantamount to the perpetuation of discriminatory practices. The terms 'separate' and 'equal' cannot be used conjunctively in a situation of this kind, there can be no separate equality."

The fight now being waged to force the University to remove its color bars only recently precipitated a widespread campus revolt by students against the University's administration. A historic, democratic coalition was formed with NAACP branch members, University of Texas campus organizations and several prominent professors, in open defiance of the tradition-bound officials